Over the Relations With

Aguinaldo.

hand with the insurgent forces of Philippines. It will be recalled that Major General Merritt, before starting for Paris,

advised the insurgent leader. Aguinaldo, that the authority of the United States in

and about Manila must be respected, and

that, in the interest of a quiet and orderly

About that time Aguinaldo gave assuranes of co-operating with the American forces toward the maintenance of order;

that his adherents would give serious op-

position to their removal from the suburbs

The time within which the movement is

to be accomplished has not expired, ac

cording to the understanding here, satisfactory arrangement is expected before the time arrives. In the meantime, no re-

acting governor, pending the absence

LONDON, Sept. 8 .- A cable dispatch from

Hong Kong dated Sept, a received in Lon-don vesterday, announces that a committee of three Filipinos, appointed by Aguinaldo, has left Hong Kong in order to confer with President McKinley upon the future of the

W. C. T. U. ENTERS PROTEST.

Wants Nannie Leiter to Christen the

Illinois With Water Instead

CHICAGO, Sept. 8.—The following letter was sent from the National W. C. T. U.

to christen the battleship Illinois:

endquarters to Miss Nancy Leiter, who is

"The Temple, Chicago, Sept. 8. "Dear Miss Leiter:—Itt behalf of the 200,-

influence for temperance and

We know you will appreciate the spirit

Very sincerely yours, "KATHERINE LENT STEVENSON.

which this letter is written, and will of feel that we have taken an undue lib-ty. Very sincerely value.

"HELEN M. BARKER, Treasurer.

Notwithstanding this protest, it is said that the Illinois will be christened in the good old-fashioned way, with champagne.

MR. SARGENT WILL RETIRE.

Will Refuse Re-election as Grand

Master of the Brotherhood

CHICAGO, Sept. 8.-Frank P. Sargent,

of Peoria, the grand master of the Inter-

national Brotherhood of Locomotive Fire

men, and the Illinois appointee on the in-

dustrial commission, says he will refuse

re-election at the international conven-

ion of the brotherhood, which meets in

GEN. BARRIOS' SUCCESSOR.

danuel Estrada Cabrera Elected to

the Presidency of the Gunte-

mainn Republic.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sent & Manuel Es-

dency of the republic of Guntemala. The

ews was received this afternoon by Man

cel Carillo, consul general for Guatemala

n this city. A dispatch of similar import

FUNERAL OF MR. WOODRUFF.

Thousands Unable to Secure Admis-

sion to the Mormon Taber-

nacle Yesterday.

SALT LAKE, U., Sept. 8.-The funeral of

President Woodroff, of the Mormon church.

cok place to-day in the tabernacle. Pres-dent George Q. Cannon presided. Joseph

". Smith spoke, and was followed by a

eational guards, city, county and state efficials and edicational and church socie-ties of the city. There were six palibearers, all grandsons of the deceased.

DISTRESS IN HONOLULU.

Large Number of People Who Rushed

HONOLULU, Aug. 31, VIA SAN FRAN-

CISCO, Sept. 5,-There is much distress here among a large number of people who

have rushed to the Hawailan islands ex-

ome with but little money and they find

that there is nothing here for them to do.

Numerous applications are being received

for free transportation back to the United States on the part of the people who

ed States on the part of the people who have come here with a misapprehension at to the conditions here.

Frank Holmes Trying to Duplicate

thew Webb.

DOVER, ENG., Sept. 8.-Frank Holm's

of Birmingham, left Dover at 9:40 this morning in an attempt to swim the chan-

nel. He was accompanied by a rowboat. Captain Matthew Webb, the English swimmer, once swam from Dover, Hng..

to Calais, France. He was in the water 21 hours and 25 minutes and covered a out thirty-five miles, although the distance be-tween the two countries is considerably less. Webb subsequently lost his life/while

attempting to swim through the Nagar

CAMP OF REGULARS ONLY.

Inst of the Volunteers Except Rough

Riders and Sick, Leave

Camo Wikoff.

homes to-day. Eleven hundred recruits for the regular infantry arrived to-night from Southern posts.

There Now Auxious to Come Home.

what the order has done for me

of Firemen.

of Wine.

ldo over his retirement.

administration of affairs, it was desirab

TURN THEM DOWN JUDGE FOOTE WAS MODEST.

KANSAS POPS RETIRE THEIR LEGIS-LATIVE LEADERS.

FEW OLD MEMBERS TO GO BACK

BROWN, STREET, MGRATH, TRUE-BLOOD AND KEEPER ALL OUT.

Performance of the Legislature Evidently Insatisfactory to the Rank and File of the Populist Party-Kansas Po-

litical News.

TOPEKA, Sept. 8 .- (Special.) The rank and file of the Populists of the state are turning down their old members of the legislature with charming regularity. The only prominent Popullsts in the last legislature renominated so far are Clem Fairchild of Kingman, O. O. Outcalt of Coffey, T. Jones of Neosho, Lot Ravensof Clark, and J. C. Simmons of klin. Three others have been renominated, but they were never heard of in the legislature before and will not be this time if re-elected.

On the other hand, a large number of aspiring statesmen were ruthlessly sat private life.

The most notable case was that of Brown of Pratt." Two years ago he was defeated for speaker of the house only by a scratch, and was chairman of the railroad committee. He had his eye on Jerry Simpson's place, and actually thought in 97 that he was sure to get it. But his constituents didn't like his vote on several measures and concluded to leave him at home this time to run the new store which he opened soon after the adjournment of the legislature.

Speaker W. D. Street was also defeated a renomination. He wanted it the worst way, but the Pop masses in his county were against him and he went down. He still has a job as member of the state board of charities, but that will expire soon after January 10.

George McGrath, state mine inspector. so enraged the miners of his county (Cherokee) that they never considered his name for a moment for renomination as representative, when the convention was held a short time ago. McGrath is accused by the miners with working on the side of the operators.

Ed C. Wellep will not be back from Cherokee, either. In his behalf, it may be said that he saw the handwriting on the wall and got a job elsewhere.

W. P. Trueblood, of Osage, was also turned down. At the last session he was a candidate for speaker and finally landed the chairmanship of the ways and means committee.

Horace Keefer will not be present to tell again how he dreamed that some one offerhim \$5,000 to vote against the railroad

Ed Hackney, of Sumner, chairman of the judiciary committee, was replaced by some one else. Hackney was not particular abount making the race again, anyhow. A brick house doesn't have to fall on him. Other Populist representatives who were defeated by their own party for renomin ction were: Samuel Ernsi, Atchison; N. F. Graves, Leavenworth; James Cassin, Graves. Leavenworth; James Casain, Crawford; C. R. Waiters and Ben Johnson, Labette: W. G. Jamieson, Osage, F. T. Johnson, Chase: Henry F. Harbaugh, Sumner; P. F. Carr, Stafford; J. B. Ward, Mitchell; Charles Turner, Phillips; H. I. Merrell and Silas Rutledge, Sedgwick. The Pops have held their county conventions in only about fifty counties. Others will be heard from later. There will not be enough of the old members renominated to form a corporal's guard.

BAILEY TALKED TOO MUCH.

Bonsted That He Was Violating a Me-Natt Order and Was Promptly Punished.

TOPEKA, Sept. 8.—(Special.) Superintendent of Insurance McNall to-day revoked the local license of G. A. Bulley, state agent of the Phoenix Insurance Company. of Brooklyn. In an interview in the Mail and Breeze a few days ago, Bailey said that all of the insurance companies were using the Clarkson rate book the same as of old, and stated positively that he was using it. Harrison Clarkson, on the witness stand, also testified that Bailey, as well her insurance men, were using his To-day McNall revoked Balley's local license, but did not revoke the license of the Phoenix to do business in the state. He threatens, to do so, though, if the Phoenix tankes an affiadivit that it is still

using the book.
"This is simply another grand stand play
of McNail," said the general agent of a
"McNail." of McNail," said the general agent of a big insurance company to-day. "McNail knows that every insurance company doing a fire business in the state is using the Charkson rate book. Balley made a mistake when he permitted his name to be used in connection with his interview."

Kansas Women Sued.

TOPEKA, Sept. 8.—(Special.) E. T. Wij-son, receiver of the First National bank of Helena. Mont., filed two suits in the fed-cral court here to-day against Kansas, to collect under the Gouble liability law. One-suit was against Mrs. M. L. Bonebrake, of Topeka, for \$1,000, and the other was against Mrs. Hattie Laing, of Leavenworth, for \$4,000.

Webb McNnll at Lawrence.

LAWRENCE, KAS. Sept. 8.—(Special.) Webb McNall spoke here this evening under the auspices of the Populist, party, the discussed state issues entirely and appeared solely in the role of a defender of Governor Leedy. There were about 400 present.

Charles Emory Smith's Knusas Dates TOPEKA, Sept. 8.—(Special.) Postmaster General Charles Emory Smith will deliver two addresses in Kansas next month, He will speak at Topeka on October 7 and at Wichita on October 8.

NICARAGUA CANAL SURVEY. A Small Army of Men Is at Work Making Borings and Meas-

urements. WASHINGTON, Sept. 8 -- Admiral Walker, president of the Nicaragua canal commission, has returned to Washington and is again devoting his attention to the collation and compilation of the material which will form the substance of the report of the commission. The admiral says that the commission has now about 250 men at work along the line of the proposed canal, and they will stay there throughout the rainy season. They are making borings and as-certaining the character of the soil at every point where it is proposed to locate dams. locks or after heavy missomy structures. In addition to this, the field parties are taking accurate measurements of the rainfall and the flow of the various streams lying within the limits of the canal concession.

concession.

Admiral Walker is confident that the commission will be able to report to congress at the approaching session, and while he says the necessary data has not been obtained to determine accurately the cost of the canal he feels confident that the project will be shown to be entirely practicable and worthy of execution

TOPEKA'S CARNIVAL QUEEN. Miss Anna Rose, of Hilo, Hawaii, to

Occupy the Throne This Year. HONOLULU, Aug. 31, VIA SAN FRAN-CISCO, Sept. 8.-At the request of the carnival committee of Topeka, Kas., a native woman has been selected as Carnival queen. She is Miss Anna Rose, of Hilo, Hawaii,

lis Charges Not Extortionate in Comparison With Some Other Holdups.

TOPEKA, Sept. 8.-(Special.) W. J. Stagg, expert accountant, who did all the expert work for Attorney General Boyle or the Kaneas City stock yards books during the stock yards litigation in the federal ours, took a few minutes off to-day and made an examination of the operations of Insurance Superintendent McNall's road agents in the East. His findings show that Judge Foote's charge of \$1 a minute was 29 cents a minute below the average charge of the agents for making "examinations." In other words the agents according to the sworts testimony of the presidents and managers, according to the sworts testimony of the presidents and managers.

sworn testimony of the presidents and managers of various insurance companies in the East 'examined,' received on an average \$1.29 per minute for labor performed.

Mr. Stang examined the eleven depositions filed by Judge Horton in the case. Each deposition was from a different insurance company. In each case the amount of the 'fee was given and the number of theurs the experts worked in the office was shown. His deductions taken from the depositions follow:

Hanover Fire Insurance Company: hours experts worked, it; fees experts received, \$302.

Hartford Insurance Company; 3 hours German-American Insurance Company;

Liverpool, London and Globe: 4 hours Royal Insurance Company: 3 hours; 1517. Franklin Insurance Company: 3 hours;

III.
Insurance Company of Pennsylvania; 2
hours (II; minutes exact); IIII.
Pennsylvania Fire Company, of Philadelhia; 2½ hours; III.
The Hellance Company, Philadelphia; 2½
hours; III.

Girad Fire and Marine; 2 hours \$115.

Fire Association of Philadelphia ino eximination at all); \$157.

Total hours worked, 57; total fees recived, \$1680.

Total salary per hour, \$3.50; total sala-per minute, \$1.59. ry per minute, \$1.39.

The above list is only a few of the companies "examined," but in making his calculations Mr. Stagg only preferred to take those where the hours and amounts of fees were given under oath.

were given under oath.

"A competent expert would be satisfied with \$1.25 an hour." said Mr. Stagg to-day. "to say nothing of \$1.25 a minute. The examinations made by the McNail examiners are of no value to any one except the 'examiners." The combined intelligence of all three of McNail's agents focused upon a single set of insurance books for seventeen years could not evolve an intelligent statement for the single research that they don't ment, for the single reason that they don't know the difference between a trial balance and a journal entry. It would take a com-petent expert several weeks to examine the company that Judge Foote examined in company that Judge Foote examined in 115 minutes. Some of the companies ex-amined by the agents in two hours would take an expert three months to examine. This being so, what earthly good could these agents, who are incompetent in the first place, do the people of Kansas with a two hours examination? It is patent on its face that such an examination is entirely worthless.

UNIFORM PRESS LAWS.

National Editorial Association Indorses the Plan of Azel F. Hatch, of Chicago.

DENVER, COL., Sept. 8.—The entire afternoon session of the National Editorial convention was devoted to discussion of the question of uniform press laws. The association has long been desirous of se-curing the adoption of uniform legislation with regard to the press, and a plan as outlined to-day, in the paper of Azel F. Hatch, of Chicago, meets the enthusiastic indorsement of the members. To-day a standing committee was appointed to further the plan of Mr. Hatch for uniform press laws. Mr. Hatch presented a codification made up from the statutes of the various states, embracing provisions of a complete law regarding the public press. The general aim is expressed in the title: "An act for the better protection of private character and for more effectually securing the liberty of the press, and for better preventing abuses in exercising the said liberty."

Among the important provisions is a careful definition of the various classes of Hatch, of Chicago, meets the enthusiastic

said liberty."

Among the important provisions is a careful definition of the various classes of privileged matter which the press is protected in publishing and the publication of which the public may expect of the press as a duty severe penalties for threatening to publish libelous matter, or offering to withhold such publication for compensation; making the furnishing of false information to pewspapers a misdemenancia. matten to newspapers a misdemeaner; a means of remedy where wrongful publicameans of remedy where wrongful publica-tion is made through error; the right to rebut the presumption of malice in actions in court; the right to prove the truth in justification; and the right to consolidate actions where two or more are pending in different counties on substantially the same libel. The barger portion of the proposed statute is in force in New York. Minneso-ta and California, and considerable por-rions of it in Massachusetts, Indiana and several other states.

OMAHA FIREMEN DO WELL. Make a Fine Showing in Exhibition Performances at the Firemen's

Tournament. OMAHA, NEB., Sept. 8.-Omaha's paid firemen, who were debarred from compe-tition in the National Firemen's tournament, furnished the spectacular to-day Chief Redell took the working force from No. 3 engine house out to the grounds, and what Chief Hale of Kansas City, and Chief Roberts, of Denver, admit to b the finest showing of the tournament. That the finest showing of the tournament. That it was done without special preparation or practice shows the efficiency of the men. In the pompier ladder climb, the Omaha crew heat the Denver time in competition and equiled that of Kansas City, which won first prize. The fire was extinguished in three minutes, in spite of the fact that the finmes were driven by a strong north wind airsetly into the faces of the men, several of whom were badly bilistered during the performance.

There was more than the usual amoun There was more than the usual amount of wranglian among the volunteers, the result being that only two races were thisned and both of these are still subject to protest. In the novelty hook and adder race, run 125 yards to truck, hitch, run 125 yards and put man to top of twenty-four foot ladder. Central City, Col., won in 0:4: Polo, ill. second, in 0:51-5, Red Oak, ia. made the run in 0:41, but was not allowed time on account of a claim of foul. In the hose race for non-winners, eight companies lined up, York, Neb., protested three Farmington, ill., protested two, and all the rest protested somebody. York in ally won first, in 0:201-5. Corning in, account, 0:284-5: Farmington, toldd, 0:301-5.

IS THE CZAR HEDGING?

Russian Papers Say Now That His Proposal Was Not Expected to Bring Immediate Results.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 8.-In view of and newspapers are seeking to represen the czar's peace circular in a new light. They urge that it has been misconstrued. and assert that the imperial government never contemplated the immediate convocation of a conference, being fully aware of the difficulties in the way. It was en'y hoped, they continue, to sow good seed which would gradually germinate and bear fruit when circumstances are more favor

able.

These utterances are regarded as indi-cating, owing particularly to the attitude of France, that the effect of the czar's pro-posal is foreseen, and that public opinion is being prepared for it.

LEITER WHEAT DEAL CLOSED. Every Creditor Has Been Paid and Every Bushel of Wheat

Liquidated. CHICAGO, Sept &-Joseph Leiter has cleared up his famous wheat deal. Every creditor has been paid, obligations to banks whose assistance was calisted have be nave even inquirated since the announcement of the voluntary assignment nearly three months ago. This has been done only by great sacrifice, including the giving of merrgages on the property belonging to the Leiter estate aggregating nearly \$5.50,000 in value. have been liquidated since the announce

Pingree Considers It a Joke. DETROIT. MICH. Sept. 8.—Governor Pingree laughed to-day about his being hissed last night in Cincinnati and considered it a joke on the audience for being so hasty.

\$7.75-Chicago-\$7.75

\$5.00-St. Louis-\$5.00 Via Chicago & Alton railroad.

JOSEPH CHAMBERLAIN ON AMER-ICA'S NEW PROBLEM.

COLONIZATION A GOOD THING

TENDS TO BROADEN NATIONAL THOUGHT AND POLICIES.

Mr. Chamberlain Intimates That England Would Like to Have America Retain the Phillippines-Aglo-German Treats Signed.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.-Joseph Chamberlain said frankly to a Tribune reporter that the treaty with Germany had actually been igned, thus making it known for the first ime that such an alliance had been made Disputches from England yesterday made i ear that, in that country, it was still a matter of conjecture whether there was any true basis for the reports that England and Germany had come to an understand-

Moreover, while not stating it in so many words, for the reason, as he explained, that he did not wish to appear presumptuous, Mr. Chamberlain made it clear that the English government favors the retention of the Philippines by the United States When Mr. Chamberlain was asked as to the epinion he held regarding the most ad-vantageous course which the United States ould pursue respecting the Philippines, he eplied, diplomatically:

However much I would like to talk upo his matter, I must not do so, for the simple and sufficient reason that anything might say in that direction might seem like giving advice or suggestion to the United States by a foreign statesman; and that, besides being invidious, would be impertinent.

Leaving thereupon the direct line of in quiry. Mr. Chamberlain was asked for his pinlen in the abstract, as it were. Then t became apparent from Mr. Chamberlain's onversation that he viewed the holding of the Philippines as an advisable cours for America, both from a national and mercantile outlook.

"Colonization is always a good thing for any country," he said. "England's experience bears out that statement thoroughy. In the first place, it tends to uplift the whole character of a nation. The government of colonies compels a country to widen and broaden policies and national thought because of the further responsibilities which are incurred. Instead of spending every moment of its time in the onsideration of parocalal or local matters, the holding of colonies imposes an enormous trust upon a home government, to carrying out of which undoubtedly helps any administration, because of its broadening influences, and these influences will always permeate with advantage through the country which gives them rise. Col-onization is beneficial to any nation. It elevales that nation, and makes its people more interested in public affairs.

"The cry is sometimes made that to gove ern outside possessions detracts from the proper attention which should be given to nternal affairs. But that has not been England's experience. The government of our colonies has not prevented us from giving necessary and adequate attention to national and local issues. In a word, colonization brings out the qualities among the people at home which insist upon domestic reforms."

In reply to the suggestion that possibly the United States would be influenced in its artitude on the Philippine question by intrit sic considerations, Mr. Chamberlain

said.
"That question is an important one, of course, but, as a rule, all our colonies pay their own way. Of course, we don't exact anything from our colonies in the shape of actual tribute. They have the spending of their own revenues, and their receipts usually are sufficient to cover their expenditures. In solitary cases, like the West Indian islands, where there was distress because of the failure of the sugar crop, we gave help, but these instances are exceptional.

Another factor which should be worthy Another factor which should be worthy of the deepest consideration is that if you take the Philippines it would make it manifest to the world that you do not intend to be left out of the Pacific and China trade. The tendency of recent events, as you well know, has been to induce China, which has hitherto been open, to close its ports, in fact to the United States and England. The efforts of the British government have been to keep the ports of China open, and, most assuredly, it is to the interest of the United States that those ports pen, and, most assuredly, it is to the in-erest of the United States that those ports should be kept open. Just how far the inited States is willing to go to further ter interests in that direction, either by teching herself or leaving her interests to be taken care of by us in connection with our own, is a matter which has to be de-sembled.

termined.
"From all I can learn in my capacity as colonial secretary," continued Mr. Chamberlain, significantly, "the one thing the Continental powers are afraid of is that an understanding should be arrived at between the United States and England."

that an understanding should be arrived at between the United States and England. The question of protecting American trade interests in her possible colonies by placing similar tariffs upon outside imports as are imposed in this country was broached to Mr. Chambertain, but he dismissed it with this reply:

"If you become a coionial power and place tariffs upon foreign imports into your possessions. I venture to say that your colonies would not pay, in view of the tact, however, that you have tried tariffs here and proved the policy successful for years, it would not be becoming on my part to say anything further on this head.

Mr. Chamberlain's attention was then diverted to the subject of the talked of alliance between the United States and Great Britain.

"I whick" be went on "That a somewhat.

ance between the United States and Great Britain.

"I blink," he went on, "that a somewhat extreme view has been taken in some quarters of the desire to establish the best friendly relations between the two nations. So far as I understand the question, there is no proposition of a bard and fast formal alliance proposed. A regularly drawn up and signed treaty is not suggested so far as my knowledge goes. What the English neople desire is no more than a complete understanding and amicable relations between the two countries. If we can only understand each other better, I think that a perfect unity between the two countries will be developed, without the aid of any formal alliance. I can say with certaining that 39 out of every 100 people in England are eager that there should be some sorts of tacit friendship between this nation and tre cager that there should be some sort of tacit friendship between this nation and fourth friendship between this nation and fourth friendship between this nation and fourth friendship between the first part of the CHANNEL.

TO SWIM THE CHANNEL.

To swim The CHANNEL.

Frank Holmes Trying to Duplier the Frank of Captain Matthe American people. ne American people.

TRADING STAMP VICTORY.

Topeka Forced to Back Down in Its War Against the Inwelcome Concerns.

TOPEKA, Sept. 8 - (Special.) The trading stamp litigation in the federal court has been compromised by the attorneys for the city of Topeka agreeing to have an ordinance pussed fixing a license for trading stamp concerns at \$250 a year. The Topeka stamp concerns at \$250 a year. The Topeka council, by request of local merchants, passed an ordinance fixing the license for trading stamp concerns at \$1,000 a year. This amount was fixed to drive them out. They filed suit to enjoin the enforcement of the ordinance, claiming the license was prohibitive. The city attorney saw that the council was sure to be beaten and he took steps to compromise.

Fine Corn in Barton County,

LAMAR. MO. Sept. S.—(Special.) Reports from reliable formers throughout this (Barton) county verify the statement that there will be more bushels of corn in this county than in any previous year since 1877, when a hig crop was raised. The best crop raised between that year and the present was in 1882. The acreage is large this year and the yield immense. To get relief from indigestion. iousness, constipation or torpid liver with-out disturbing the stomach or purging the bowels, take a few doses of Carter's Little Liver Pills, they will please you.

That tired, languid feeling and dull headache is very disagreeable. Take two of Carter's Little Liver Pills before retiring, and you will find relief. They never fall to do good. Frisco Line Trains Run to and from the Grand Central sta-tion, corner Second and Wyandotte streets.

NO TROUBLE APPREHENDED. Administration Officials Not Uneasy

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.-Administration HE FAVORS A CLEAR "UNDERSTANDofficials have had no recent cause to fee that a critical condition of affairs was near ING" WITH ENGLAND.

PROMISES TO HELP PROMOTE IT

THE ANGLO-AMERICAN LEAGUE CONfor the insurgents to vacate the suburbs of the city within a reasonable time. GRATULATES HIM.

> James Brice, Its Spokesman, Presents an Address Acknowledging the Great Service Mr. Hay Has Rendered to Both

ports have come from General Otts, who is LONDON, Sept. 8 .- A committee of the Angle-American League, headed by its chairman, James Brice, presented the General Merritt, as to friction with Aguin-United States ambassador, Colonel John Hay, to-day with an address congratulat-Reports have been circulated that the president received a dispatch from General ing him upon his acceptance of the port-Otis yesterday saying that he had given Agulualdo until to-day to vacate the sub-urbs or else take the consequences. This follo of secretary of state at Washington. Aguinated with to-day to vacuate the sur-urbs of else take the consequences. This is erromeous, however, as no such crisis has been reported by tieneral Oils, and the re-ports appear to have grown out of the orig-inal orders given by General Merritt. There is no uneasiness in official circles over our The address expressed regret at his departure from this country, "where you ave discharged the weighty and delicate luties of ambassador with such eminent tact, indement and courtesy as to win the relations with the insurgents, as the American officers at Manila have thus far shown an ability to cope with the situation so tactfully as to avoid friction and entanglecretial appreciation and confidence of the British people.

Continuing, the address says: "It has been your fortune to represent our country here at a time of exceptional interest, when the war, now happily ended, feelings of affection and sympathy toward the United States which the British people save long entertained, but never before have they been so conspicuously You carry back the assurance of the depth and strength of these feelings. "The principle that there cought to b

permanent friendship and cordial co-operation between the British empire and the American republic is one that all pacties and all statesmen here agree in regarding as a fundamental principle of British foreign policy, and by it the whole people desire that their government should be guided. We rejoice to believe that in "Dear Miss Leiter:—In behalf of the 200,660 women of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of the United States, and, in
particular, of the 15,600 of our number in
Illinois, we respectfully request you to
christen the battleship Illinois not with
champingne but with pure water.

"We would call your attention to the
fact that the battleship Kentucky was
christened with water from the Lincoin
spring, and we 16el that there are enough
historic streams in our own good state
to make such an act most appropriate. We
also feel sure that it would be far-reaching
in its influence for temperance and your country corresponding sentiments are entertained, and that a corresponding principle is now largely accepted. Knowing hat no one holds these convictions more firmly than yourself, or can express them clearer or more felicitious terms, we gladly acknowledge the great service you have rendered to both nations and console ourselves on your retirement by the reflecion that you are called to duties in your own country even wider in their scope and graver in their responsibility and more important in the results they may

> Mr. Brice, during the course of the remarks which he made upon the occasion, dwelt upon the "admiration for the splen did gifts and boundless energy of the peu ple of the United States and the sympathy with the principles of their constitution. which has been quietly ripening among the British people, and which this year found . sudden and hearty expression. said he saw in the universality of these sentiments here and the fact that they were reciprocated by a large majority of the Americans, a happy augury, as he believed that nothing could contribute more to the peace of the world and the welfare of both than the sense of essential unity of the

Colonel Hay, in reply, referred to the gratification he experienced in hearing such tion of the brotherhood, which meets in Teronto next week. Mr. Sargent says:
"I shall retire from the grand lodge at the end of my present term, December 31. The work on the industrial commission will require all my time. In leaving the grand lodge I shall not lose sight of my obligation as a member, but shall perwords from men so qualified by experience and character to speak for the British with certainty.

give it for what it is worth, to assure obligation as a member, but shall per-form my part with a full appreciation of you that your sentiments of kinship and mity are reciprocated to the utmost in my The ambassador also said that his work in England had been made easy by the instructions he had received from home.

"My voice has no sanction, as yours, but

and by the frankness and fairness of her majesty's ministers and of all Englishmen with whom he had come in contact. He then said: "On both sides of the ocean the conviction is almost universal that a clear, cordial and friendly understanding between Great Britain and the United States is a necessity

fortunate if I am able to do anything to cor tinue and strengthen the relations of fraternal amity between our two nation

in this city. A dispatch of similar import was also received by Schwartz Bros. the well known importers here. Manuel Estrada Cabrera was the first vice president of Gnatemala during the presidency of Regna Barrios. When the latter was assassmated recently, Cabrera assumed the office of the chief executive as provided by law. The elections just concluded in Guatemala place him in office for the ensuing term. SPANISH DISPOSED TO DELAY. Are in No Surry to Begin Arranging for the Evacuation of

Porto Rico. SAN JUAN DE PORTO RICO, Sept. 8. -The Spanish evacuation commissioners seem disposed to delay the meeting of the commissions. They say their instructions have not yet arrived, but are expected on the Alfonso XIII in the course of a few days. They intimate that, even then, they

will need time to study them. The American commissioners have r number of other high officials of the church. Thousands were unable to get inside the tabernacle, and remained in the yard and adjoining streets.

The procession to the cemetery included batlonal guards, city, county and state officials and educational and church societies of the city. There were six notifications are considered to the city. There were six notificials are considered to the city. plied that the first meeting must occur before September 12, under the terms of the

protecol.

The United States cruiser Cincinnati, Captain Chester, arrived this morning from St. Thomas and saiuted the Spanish flag and Rear Admiral Schley's pennant. The Spanish forts and warships replied.

To-day being a holiday, the city was covered with Spanish flags and all the shops are closed. A milliary massive the base way closed. A milliary massive the state was considered as the same considered as t and banks were closed. A milliary mas-was celebrated in the Catholic churches Brigadier General Gordon, Rear Admiral Schiey and the Americans in the city at-tended.

DUTY MAY NOT BE PAID. Inited States May Decide That Spain Has No Right to Col-

lect it.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—The order directing the payment of the Spanish duty on the rations carried by the Comal to Havana for the starving inhabitants of Cuba, has been held up pending the as certaining of further information on the subject. In answer to a cable message as to what the duty would be, a reply was received stating that it would be according to the Spanish rates, \$00,000 in gold. No agent of the United States government has any such amount of money on hand at Havana to pay this sum, and it may be that the United States government will that the United States government will take a different course than that decided upon last evening. By the terms of the protocol, Spain relinquishes her rights to Cuba and the United States government may decide that it will not pay duties on such cargoes as sent in the Comal.

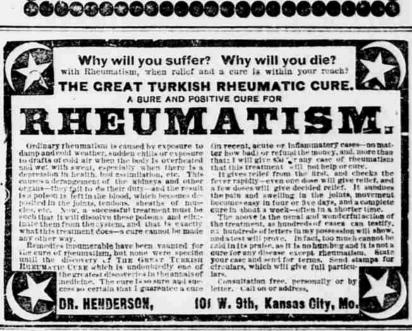
OWES \$70,000—HAS NOTHING J. M. Harvey, a Topeka Boom Speci lator, Files a Bankruptey Petition.

TOPEKA, Sept. 8.-(Special.) J. M. Harvey, a Topeka real estate speculator in boom times, filed an application in the federal court to-day to be divorced from his debts under the bankruptcy law. He says he owes \$70,000, mostly to Topeka financia men. His assets consist of a 512 suit of clothes and a pension of 56 per month,

CAMP WIKOFF. L. L. Sept. 8.—This is now a camp of regulary 5,000 horse and 8,000 foot. The last of the volunteers, save the rough riders and the sick, left for their For any case of nervousness, sleep-lessness, weak stomach, indigestion, dys-pepsia, relief is sure in Carter's Little Liver Pills. Kansan Gored by a Bull.

CHANUTE. KAS. Sept. 8—(Special.) William Flannigan, living south of town, was gored by an enraged bull this evening and badly mangled. His injuries may prove







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KANSAS CITY, KANSAS.

and badly mangled. His injuries may prove fatal.

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rosses in the Institute at reasonable rates. The same